ASSAM DISTRICT GAZETTEERS.

Supplement to Volume X.

THE KHASI AND JAINTIA HILLS, THE GARO HILLS AND THE LUSHAI HILLS.

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PREFACE.

This volume is to be regarded as a Supplement to the District Gazetteer for the Khasi and Jaintia Hills, the Garo Hills and the Lushai Hills. The information under each district is divided into two parts. In the former such general information is contained as will bring the letterpress of the original Gazetteer up to date. The second part is taken up by revised statistical tables. The respective Deputy Commissioners have kindly supplied the information.

SHILLONG;
April 1914.

R. FRIEL.

TABLES OF STATISTICS.

PART I.

KHASI AND JAINTIA HILLS DISTRICT.

CONTENTS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE.

CHAPTERS I, II AND III.

PHYSICAL ASPECTS, HISTORY AND POPULATION.

There is nothing of importance to add to the information contained in these chapters in the original Gazetteer.

CHAPTER IV.

AGRICULTURE AND FORESTS.

Experimental farms.

The farm which was opened in 1897-98 has now practically become a potato seed farm and in 1913 grew over 1,000 maunds of seed for distribution.

In connection with the cattle stock improvements it may be mentioned that of the stock imported in 1902 and 1903, those which came from Patna have proved the better breed. Pure bred Patna bulls are being sold at the nominal rate of Rs. 50 each to Khasis for breeding purposes. The introduction of English and Australian pigs in 1902 has proved a failure, but Dumba rams imported to improve sheep have proved a fair success.

The experimental fruit garden started in 1902 has not proved a success and the site was abandoned in 1902 as a fruit garden and handed over to the Roman Catholic Mission as a Sericultural farm, as it contains a large number of mulberry trees. A new fruit garden on a more favourable site on the Jowai road was opened in 1913 and shows every sign of success. The tropical plantation opened in 1904 at Wahjain has not proved a success and was abandoned in 1911 as the site was

found unsuitable and the soil too poor. Experiments were made with tea on the high plateau in 1904. Attempts have also been made to introduce the cultivation of silk. Seed of the univoltine worm was procured from France, and the experiment proved successful but the Khasis do not seem inclined to take to sericulture. One or two individuals and the Roman Catholic Mission are however continuing the work and it is possible that in time the industry will spread.

FORESTS.

The following is a revised list of protected *forests* in the Khasi and Jaintia Hills.

KHASI HILLS.

No.	State in which situated.	Name of forest.	Approximate area in square miles.
1	Cherra ...	Mawphan Siem	1¾
2	Ditto	Thynriewsiar	¼
3	Ditto ...	Ka Lyngkper	¼
4	Khyrim ...	Lum Masiat	½
5	Nongsohphoh ...	Kulailyngsngun	6¼
6	Maharam ...	Lawblei	½
7	Ditto ...	Sakuang	1½
8	Ditto ...	Nongkdait or Ryngbneng ...	8½
9	Ditto ...	Rangmaw	1
10	Mariaw ...	Ka Miangsain near Nongkasen ...	¾
11	Ditto ...	Langkrai	⅛
12	Ditto ...	Tersung	1
13	Mawiang ...	Mar Shillong	1½
14	Ditto ..	Lawsain	1¼

Khasi Hills—concld.

No.	State in which situated.	Name of forest.	Approximate area in square miles.
15	Mawsynram ...	Mawsynram	1½
16	Mylliem ...	Mawreng	3¾
17	Ditto ...	Mawpat	1
18	Ditto ...	Umtru	2½
19	Ditto ...	Umtan	1½
20	Nongkhlaw ...	Tersung	1
21	Ditto ...	Ka Law syniong near Mawnai punji	1½
22	Ditto ...	Mairang forest	¼
23	Ditto ...	Nongbri	2½
24	Nongspung ...	Nongspung	¾
25	Ditto ...	Lyngkhoi forest	½
26	Nongstoin ...	Nongstoin forest	4½
27	Rambrai ...	Mawdoh forest	7
28	Mawphlang ...	Umkawang	½
29	*Mawphlang* and Nonglwai.	Ka khlaw *Ryngisohlong* ...	1
30	Nonglwai ...	Ka khlaw Mawkaleng ...	⅛
31	Sohiong ...	Law Sohiong	½
32	Ditto ...	Law Nongkseh	2½
33	Laitlyngkot ...	Laitlyngkot (Mun)	2¼
34	*Laitkroh* ...	Laitkroh	¾
35	Mawsmai ...	Kyrnah-ka-Dier	¼
36	Nonglang ...	Nongkynah...	¾

Jaintia Hills.

No.	State in which situated.	Name of forest.	Approximate area in square miles.
1	Nartiang ...	Larnai	¼
2	Nongbah ...	Mukhla	1
3	Jowai ...	Jowai forest	1
4	Ditto ...	Mynkrem	5
5	Ditto ...	Moraliang	¾
6	Amwi ...	Mankajai and Dwarblai (amalgamated).	3
7	Ditto ...	Markein	1
8	Nongjingngi ...	Massiang and Umlanghu ...	½
9	Mynso ...	Myntang	¼
10	Shilliangmyntang ...	Umlyang...	⅓
11	Shangpung ...	Shandieng	⅛
12	Rymbai ...	Ladakhar Umswai	1
13	Sutnga ...	Um Shyngiar	1
14	Nongkhlieh ...	Jakorsing	¼
15	Nongtalang ...	Nongtalang	¾
16	Satpator ...	Um Manar	4
17	Lakadong ...	Tisang	¼
18	Lakadong Doloiship	Rowai	½

The following is a list of forests reserved under the Assam Forest Regulation.

No.	Name of forest.	Year in which reserved.	Area in square miles.
	Sadar Subdivision.		
1	Riat Khwan	1892	2
2	Nongkhyllem	1913	47·22
	Jowai Subdivision.		
3	Saipung	1878	50
4	Narpuh	1909	38

Jirang has not been included in the list of protected forests. It was leased in perpetuity to Government by the Agreement of 1859.

Of the forests in the neighbourhood of Shillong mentioned at page 84 of the original Gazetteer, the Laitkor, including the Wahrisa and the Riat Laban forests, was converted into a Game preserve in 1906. The following forests have been brought under a regular working plan with effect from 1909-1910 :—

		Acres.
Riat Khwan	... ...	967
Short round	... ...	262
Laitkor	... ...	725
Upper Shillong	... ...	1,286
Riat Laban	... ...	430
	Total ...	*3,670*

The cantonment forests comprising an area of 137 acres have also been placed under a rough working plan system.

The Kench's trace, the Laitumkhrah and Block II forests have been placed under the Shillong Municipality for the extension of the Station.

The district forest administration was reorganised in 1907 with a separate office under the Deputy Commissioner. The staff now consists of one Ranger, one Forester, one Head Guard and 14 permanent guards.

Sleeper operations are carried on at Umling near Barni.

CHAPTER V.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Communications.

The Dâk Bungalows at Burnihat and Umsning (Naya Bungalow) were converted into Inspection Bungalows in 1912. At Nongpoh a cook and a khitmatgar are now maintained at the Dâk Bungalow and a tea house has recently been constructed by the road side for the convenience of travellers.

A daily service of motor-cars and lorries between Shillong, Gauhati and Pandughat has replaced the old tonga Service and connects up with the Eastern Bengal State Railway. The journey from Shillong to Calcutta and *vice versâ* is now performed in a little over 24 hours.

Shillong Municipality

Shillong was constituted a station under Act V (B.C.) of 1876 in 1878 and afterwards converted into a Municipality under Act III of 1884 in November 1910. Its affairs are managed by a Committee of 15 members presided over by the Deputy Commissioner. The principal sources of revenue are a tax on houses at 7½ per cent. of their annual rental, water and latrine rates and a grant from Government. The total income of the Municipality in 1912-13 was over Rs. 70,000. The rates are heavier than in any other town of the province and the incidence per head of direct taxation excluding the taxes assessed on Government buildings was Rs. 3-7-7 in 1912-13. Details with regard to the income and expenditure of the Municipality in 1912-13 will be found in table XI.

The total area of the town including the Cantonment is about 8 square miles and it is served by about 20 miles

of metalled and nearly 8 miles of unmetalled roads. An excellent supply of drinking water is obtained from springs rising in the Shillong Range, and is distributed in pipes all over the town.

CHAPTER VI.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

A second Assistant was given to the Deputy Commissioner in 1912 mainly for Excise work. General Administration.

In most of the Wâr villages bordering on Sylhet and in a few villages of the Nongpoh circle house-tax has been raised from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3 per house from 1907-1908. The total receipts in 1912-13 amounted to Rs. 35,533. Land revenue.

Revised rules for the leasing of land in Shillong were issued in 1908 under which building sites can only be leased for a term of 99 years at a premium which is fixed in each case by the Deputy Commissioner, with an annual rental of 5 per cent. on the amount of the premium.

The rate of revenue for *rajhali* lands with the exception of Bhoi, Nongphyllut, Narpuh, Rymbai, Nongkhlieh, Satpator and Sutnga circles, has been raised from ten annas to twelve annas a bigha for a period of 20 years from April 1912. The area of *rajhali* lands on which revenue was assessed in 1912-13 was 17,317 bighas which brought in a revenue of Rs. 12,294. It is estimated that the area of private *hali* lands is double that of Government *hali* lands. The Jaintia Hills.

The high land rent paid by aliens for cultivating in another Doloi's circle was abolished from the year 1913-14. The subjects of the Khyrim Siem who come and cultivate within this subdivision have however not been exempted and they still pay a rent of Rs. 2 per field.

House-tax has been raised from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3 per house since 1907-08 and the assessment will run for 20 years from that date.

The revenue from house tax in 1912-13 amounted to Rs. 28,443. There are twenty Dolois and two Sardars who collect the revenue at present.

Country spirit.

Owing to the political conditions and peculiar circumstances obtaining in this district, the ordinary Excise rules and regulations which apply to the plains districts are not, as a rule, in force in these hills. A Khasi Extra Assistant Commissioner has been placed in charge of Excise work under the Deputy Commissioner, and efforts have been made to give effect to the recommendations of the Excise Committee which submitted its Report in 1910. There are at present three country spirit shops in the Municipality of Shillong. Two of these are situated in the territories of the Siem of Mylliem, who is accordingly given a moiety of the revenue accruing therefrom. The prices paid for these 3 shops during the last 5 years have varied from Rs. 10,700 to Rs. 19,430 per annum.

As a result of the Excise Enquiry Committee the manufacture and sale of country spirit has been brought under control all over the district and the unlicensed sale of country spirit within the five-mile radius of Shillong has been prohibited. (*C.f.* page 104 of the Gazetteer).

In 1911-12 a license fee of Rs. 5 per still was imposed upon all stills in the district, excepting those in the Shillong 5 mile zone and those in the Jowai 4 mile circle.

In the Shillong and Jowai Town circles a license fee of Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 respectively has been imposed upon each still. In the whole of the Sadar subdivision outside of the Shillong circle, the license fee per still was doubled in 1913-14 and raised to Rs. 15 from April 1914, while in the Jowai subdivision outside the Town circle, the fee of Rs. 5 per still continues still to be levied.

In the British villages, the Shillong Town circle, and in the whole of the Jowai subdivision, licenses are issued by Government, while in the Khasi States they

are issued by their respective chiefs who also receive the whole of the revenue accruing therefrom. The number of stills in the British villages in the Khasi Hills (including the Shillong circle) has been reduced from 243 in 1911 to 123 in 1913. In the Khasi States the number has been reduced from 1105 to 897 within the same period. In the Jowai subdivision the number has been reduced from 370 to 351.

There are now only 3 opium shops in the district, one at Civil Bazar, Shillong, and the other two at Langjut and Umkarto in the Jowai subdivision. Opium.

The Mynser shop in the Jowai subdivision was closed on the 1st April 1911 and the Nongpoh shop in the Sadr subdivision was closed on the 1st April 1912.

The average annual consumption of opium in the whole district for the last four years is about 24 maunds.

There is only one shop for the sale of ganja. It is situated at Shillong. The ganja sold at the shop is obtained from Gauhati under a pass issued by the Deputy Commissioner. Ganja.

Traders and contractors still constitute the majority of the assessees under the head "other sources of income." Income-tax.

Public Works are entrusted to an Executive Engineer assisted by five Upper and two Lower Subordinates. In addition to the care of the public buildings the Executive Engineer is concerned with the maintenance of the line of communications from Gauhati to Companyganj in Sylhet *viâ* Shillong, Dumpep and Mawphlang, Cherrapoonjee and Therria ghat. The Executive Engineer is also in charge of the bridle paths from Cherrapoonjee to Shella, Tyrna to Ishamati, Shillong to Laitlyngkot and all the driving roads around Shillong. He also undertakes the maintenance of the Shillong Water-Works under the Shillong Municipality and acts as Government Inspector of the Motor Service between Gauhati and Shillong. Public works.

Criminal justice. In 1912, the Deputy Commissioner and his assistant tried 934 criminal cases.

The High Court of Calcutta has exercised jurisdiction in divorce cases under the Divorce Act from the year 1906. Previous to that all decrees of dissolution of marriage were confirmed by the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

One hundred and eighty civil cases were disposed of in 1912.

Registration. The Registration Act was extended to the Jaintia Hills with the exception of the outlying circles of Bhoi, Nongphyllut and Narpuh in 1906.

In 1912 the number of documents registered in Shillong was 132 and in Jowai 102.

Police. The Civil Police force of the district in 1913 consisted of 28 officers and 186 men and was distributed as follows:—

—	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.
(*a*) *Investigation*— Shillong Police Station	1	2	2	16
Nongpoh ditto ...	...	1	1	6
Cherra ditto ...	...	1	1	10
Umiam Patrol Post...	...	...	1	4
Jowai Police Station	...	1	1	14
(*b*) Town Police, Shillong...	...	...	2	29
(*c*) *Court*— Shillong ...	...	1	1	3
Jowai ...	...	...	1	2
(*d*) *Guard duty*— Shillong ...	...	...	3	18
Jowai Treasury ...	...	...	1	5
(*e*) *Miscellaneous duty and reserve* ...	...	2	3	79
Total ...	1	8	17	186

The out-post at Ishamati has been abolished.

152 bored-out-Martini-Henry smooth bore guns are provided for the force.

The Shillong jail, the only jail in the district, was placed under the Civil Surgeon from 1912. It contains accommodation for 14 under-trial prisoners, 63 male and 8 female convicts. There is also accommodation for 5 sick male prisoners in the Hospital.

In 1910-11, the total expenditure on Primary Education was Rs. 67,759, of which Government grant was Rs. 8,552. Education.

In 1912-1913, the total expenditure on the same was Rs. 78,154, to which Government contributed Rs. 9,362.

With the exception of a few schools, the management of education in the district is in the hands of the Welsh Mission.

In the Jowai subdivision a great change has taken place during recent years. Non-Christians are not so conservative as they were before. At Jowai itself village schools are attended by more than a hundred Non-Christian children, a thing undreamt of even during the last decade. Since May 1909 the inspecting staff has consisted of three Sub-Inspectors—one for the Jaintia and two for the Khasi Hills. A post of Deputy Inspector has also recently been added. No less than 12 Khasis have up to 1913 taken the degree of Bachelor of Arts, of whom one passed with honours in 1898, another with distinction in 1913, another stood first in 1912 in Philosophy in the Calcutta University and another took the B. L. degree in 1912. One Khasi took the B. Sc. degree in 1913, and another passed the L. M. S. Examination. Female Education has also made great progress and one of the Khasi ladies has passed the F. A.

The population of the registration areas according to the census of 1911 was 54,228. Medical.

In 1912 the figures show a birth-rate of 7 per mille and a death rate of 5 per mille.

Dispensaries. A charitable dispensary was opened at Laban, a suburb of Shillong, in 1905.

Nine vaccinators under two Sub-Inspectors of Vaccination were employed in the district in 1912-13. The average number of persons annually vaccinated during each of the five years ending 1912-13 was 46 per mille as compared with 37 per mille for the whole district.

TABLE I.

Average maximum and minimum temperatures.

—		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Annual mean.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Shillong ...	Maximum temperature.	60·6	62·1	70·2	73·8	74·4	74·4	75·7	75·0	74·9	71·7	66·7	62·2	70·1
	Minimum temperature.	38·5	41·5	50·7	56·6	58·8	63·2	64·3	63·5	62·0	54·5	46·3	39·2	53·3
Cherrapunji	Maximum temperature.	59·4	60·9	67·	70·5	72·3	72·2	72·2	72·0	73·8	72·0	67·7	62·2	68·5
	Minimum temperature.	45·7	47·2	53·9	58·5	60·0	64·0	65·3	65·0	64·7	60·	54·0	47·4	57·2

NOTE.—The figures have been calculated on the average of 9 years' data.

TABLE II.

Rainfall.

The number of years for which the average has been calculated is shown in brackets below the name of each station.

Months.	Average rainfall in inches.			
	Shillong (44 years).	Jowai (40 years).	Maoflang (24 years).	Cherrapunji Police Station (40 years).
1	2	3	4	5
January...	0·44	0·95	0·57	0·09
February	0·81	1·86	0·92	2·02
March	1·90	5·39	2·09	12·12
April	4·31	9·73	4·74	33·07
May	9·78	22·12	10·55	43·84
June	16·18	55·13	36·42	95·72
July	13·38	40·40	36·88	99·52
August	13·03	32·43	22·91	76·09
September	13·35	27·67	16·58	47·41
October	5·98	12·50	8·75	13·83
November	1·09	1·81	1·28	145
December	0·29	0·61	0·23	0·20
Annual ...	80·54	210·90	141·92	425·96

TABLE III.

TABLE III.

General Statistics of Population.

Particulars.	Shillong Subdivision.		Jowai Subdivision.		Total District.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Population.							
1911	77,331	79,871	37,111	40,756	235,069	114,442	120,627
1901	65,250	69,079	31,971	35,950	202,250	97,221	105,029
1891	64,320	69,063	30,286	34,235	197,904	94,606	103,298
1881	...	...	...	...	167,804	79,765	88,039
1872	...	...	...	...	140,356	67,852	72,504
Variation.							
1901-1911	+12,081	+10,792	+5,140	+4,806	+32,819	+17,221	+15,598
1891-1901	+930	+16	+1,685	+1,715	+4,346	+2,515	+1,731
1881-1891	...	...	...	...	+30,100	+14,841	+16,259
1872-1881	...	...	...	...	+27,448	+11,913	+15,535

1911.							
Religion.							
Hindus	6,621	2,673	117	43	9,454	6,738	2,716
Muhammadans	1,120	355	52	1	1,528	1,172	356
Animists	60,534	66,854	30,913	34,152	192,453	91,447	101,006
Total Christians ...	8,826	9,842	6,029	6,560	31,257	14,855	16,402
(i) Presbyterians ...	...	...	...	...	28,290	13,386	14,904
(ii) Roman Catholics ...	...	...	...	...	1,369	664	705
(iii) Anglican Communion...	...	...	...	...	670	327	343
Other religions	230	147	...	...	377	230	147
Civil Condition.							
Unmarried	...	...	...	...	119,224	62,980	56,244
Married	...	...	...	...	90,854	45,666	45,188
Widowed	...	...	...	...	24,991	5,796	19,195
Literacy.							
Literate	4,889	931	222	19	12,940	9,242	3,698
Literate in English ...	1,217	60	9	2	2,717	2,216	501
Illiterate	72,442	78,940	36,889	40,737	222,129	105,200	116,929

NOTE.—Totals of the figures for *Literacy* in subdivisions do not equal those for the district, because only the latter include Christians, Buddhists and "other" religions, while the former include Hindus, Muhammadans and Animists only.

TABLE III.—*concld.*

General statistics of Population.

PARTICULARS.	SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.		JOWAI SUBDIVISION.		TOTAL DISTRICT.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Languages spoken.							
Khasi	...	...	...	...	196,017	91,942	104,075
Garo...	...	...	...	...	6,282	3,274	3,008
Mikir	...	...	...	...	16,511	8,578	7,933
Synteng*	...	...	...	...	42,125	19,630	22,495

* Figures taken from the table on *Caste.*

TABLE IV.

Birthplace, race, caste and occupation.

Particulars.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4
Birth place.			
Born in the district	223,558	106,176	117,382
„ other parts of province ...	4,572	2,872	1,700
„ Bengal	1,311	867	444
„ Bihar and Orissa ...	1,081	969	112
„ United Provinces ...	620	491	129
„ Nepal	3,014	2,407	607
„ Elsewhere	913	660	253
Race and caste.			
Khasi	116,297	54,948	61,349
Garo	6,244	3,146	3,098
Mikir	15,510	7,930	7,580
Synteng	42,125	19,630	22,495
Occupation.			
Workers	137,991	70,607	67,384
Dependents	97,078	43,835	53,243
Total supported.			
Landlords	127	56	71
Ordinary cultivators ...	84,817	41,612	43,205
(*i*) Revenue payers ...	20,673	10,035	10,638
(*ii*) Rent payers ...	64,144	31,577	32,567
Farm servants and field labourers	3,693	1,453	2,240
General labourers	11,431	4,696	6,735

TABLE

Fire protection and outturn of timber and

Details.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Area in sqr. miles under protection.	152	152	152	151	152	151
Area in sqr. miles protected ...	7·16	7·16	7·16	5·78	5·71	5·71
Percentage	5	5	5	4	4	4
Cost ... ... Rs.	1,209	1,085	1,058	1,315	1,031	999
RESERVED FORESTS.						
Area in sqr. miles	52	52	52	52	52	114
Outturn (Government and purchasers only).	3,618	3,529	3,094	5,230	6,958	12,674
Timber... ... c.ft.	3,618	3,529	3,094	3,070	5,690	12,472
UNCLASSED STATE FORESTS.						
Area in sqr. miles	100	100	100	99	100	37
Outturn (Government and purchasers only).	51,663	36,756	9,195	34,583	42,278	51,394
Timber ... ... c.ft.	41,155	21,640	4,503	8,999	27,987	35,328
Fuel ... ... c. ft.	9,216	15,116	512	25,584	14,291	16,066
Rubber ... ... Rs.	...	3,427	2,809	685	287	2,725
Forest receipts ... Rs.	19,017	17,069	20,001	18,820	14,631	21,223
Forest expenditure Rs.	9,903	12,809	10,119	12,101	7,740	13,953
Surplus or deficit... ...	+9,114	+4,260	+9,882	+6,719	+6,891	+7,270

V.

fuel and value of minor forest produce.

1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
151	151										
5·73	4·17										
4	3										
1,037	1,167										
114	114										
10,899	804										
8,867	...										
—											
37	37										
85,261	47,042·25										
68,323	36,584·25										
16,938	10,458										
3,896	2,257										
24,529	15,517										
16,568	10,938										
+7,963	+4,579										

TABLE VI.

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee at selected marts.

—		Shillong.			Jowai.	
		Common rice.	Salt.	Matikalai.	Common rice.	Salt.
1		2	3	4	5	6
1880	2nd week of February	9½	$5\frac{5}{16}$	...	...	...
	Ditto August	8½	$5\frac{5}{16}$	$5\frac{5}{16}$	...	...
1890	Ditto February	8	6½	13	13	5¼
	Ditto August	8	7	12	11	5⅓
1900	Ditto February	5⅝	7½	9	10	5
	Ditto August	11½	8	10	9	5
1905	Ditto February	13¼	8½	12	15	6½
	Ditto August	11	11	12	15	6
1906	Ditto February	8	9	9	10½	8
	Ditto August	6¼	8	9	6⅓	6⅓
1907	Ditto February	6	8	7	7	7
	Ditto August	6½	10	7	6	7
1908	Ditto February	7	10	7	6⅓	8
	Ditto August	6⅓	10	6	6½	6^1
1909	Ditto February	7½	10	7	10	8
	Ditto August	7½	10	7	12	8
1910	Ditto February	9	10	8	11	8
	Ditto August	8	12	9¼	11	8
1911	Ditto February	7¾	10¼	9¾	9	8
	Ditto August	7¼	10	9¼	8	8
1912	Ditto February	8¾	10¼	9	10⅓	8
	Ditto August	7¼	10	6¾	8½	8
1913	Ditto February					
	Ditto August					

TABLE VI—concld.

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee at selected marts.

—			Shillong.			Jowai.	
			Common rice.	Salt.	Matikalai.	Common rice.	Salt.
1			2	3	4	5	6
1914	2nd week of	February					
	Ditto	August					
1915	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1916	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1917	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1918	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1919	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1920	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					
1921	Ditto	February					
	Ditte	August					
1922	Ditto	February					
	Ditto	August					

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.	2	2	1	...	2	2
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	2	2	7	7	1	...
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide Sections, 302, 304, 307, 308 and 396.	4	4	3	3	5	4
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	10	5	10	6	7	7
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356, and 357.	...	...	5	2	...	...
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	2	1	1	1	1	1
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398	...	...	...	...	...	...
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435 to 440.	7	2	6	...	4	2
(ix) House-breaking, and serious house-trespass. Sections 449—452, 454, 455 and 457—460.	8	2	5	1	11	6
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	1	...	...	...	...	...
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	3	2	2	2	2	2
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	35	19	60	31	62	39
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	3	...	...	...
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house trespass. Sections 453, 456, and 447 and 448.	2	...	1	...	5	4
(xv) Other minor offences against property... ...	4	3	11	6	1	1
Total	80	42	115	59	101	6[illegible]

VII.

and Civil Justice.

1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	1	1	1	2	2	5	3	1	1		
1	1	2	2	...	...	3	3	...	...		
11	11	1	1	6	6	8	8	6	5		
14	10	12	9	11	9	10	8	1	1		
4	4	...	...	...	...	6	3	2	...		
1	1	3	3	...	...	1	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
6	2	5	3	2	2	5	1	8	4		
20	8	13	2	14	8	10	2	28	16		
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...		
...	...	3	3	...	...	3	2	...	...		
60	33	45	30	35	23	45	27	56	33		
...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1		
4	4	10	10	5	5	7	7	4	1		
1	1	...	...	...	...	6	6	...	...		
123	76	95	64	76	56	110	71	108	61		

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1914.		1915.		1916.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153 157, 158 and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302, 304, 307, 308 and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324—326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...						
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-440.						
(ix) House-breaking, and serious house-trespass. Sections 449—452, 454, 455, and 457—460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341—344.						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Sections 379—382						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414...						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property... ...						
Total ...						

VII.—*contd.*

and Civil Justice.

1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1905.		1906.		1907.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
JOWAI SUBDIVISION.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143—153, 157, 158 and 159.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	...	...	1	1	5	5
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.	...	...	1	1	2	2
(iv) Grievous hurt, and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	...	...	3	3	3	3
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	...	...	...	...	2	1
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397, and 398	...	...	...	...	...	...
(viii) Serious mischief including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-480.	1	1	1	...	1	1
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	1	1	3	3	2	2
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	2	...	1	1	1	1
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	5	3	11	11	11	10
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	1	1	...	...
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.	2	2	3	3	3	3
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...	...	...	...	...	4	3
Total	11	7	25	24	34	31

VII.—*continued.*

Civil Justice.

1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...		
3	3	3	3	4	4	...	...	1	...		
3	3	4	4	2	2	3	3	1	1		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	1	1	4	3	2	2	1	...		
2	2	1	1	2	1	3	1	6	5		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
7	5	6	6	9	8	9	8	5	2		
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1		
...	...	2	2	...	...	3	3	...	...		
1	1	2	2	4	4	...	...	...	...		
18	16	20	20	28	24	23	20	15	9		

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1914.		1915.		1916.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
JOWAI SUBDIVISION.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143—153, 157, 158 and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308, and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt, and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences againt the person ...						
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 535 and 440.						
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Setcions 379—382...						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...						
Total						

VII—*continued.*

Civil Justice.

1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1905. True.	1905. Detected.	1906. True.	1906. Detected.	1907. True.	1907. Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
DISTRICT TOTAL.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(I) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.	2	2	1	...	2	2
(II) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	2	2	8	8	6	5
(III) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.	4	4	4	4	7	6
(IV) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	10	5	13	9	10	10
(V) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.	...	...	5	2	...	...
(VI) Other serious offences against the person... ...	2	1	1	1	3	2
(VII) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398	...	...	...	...	...	...
(VIII) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-440.	8	3	7	...	5	3
(IX) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	9	3	8	4	13	8
(X) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	3	...	1	1	1	1
(XI) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	3	2	2	2	2	2
(XII) Theft. Sections 379-382	40	22	71	42	73	49
(XIII) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	4	1	...	...
(XIV) Lurking and criminal house tres-pass. Sections 453, 466, 447 and 448.	4	2	4	3	8	7
(XV) Other minor offences against property ...	4	3	11	6	5	4
Total	91	49	140	83	135	99
CIVIL JUSTICE.						
Suits for money and moveables	169		122		158	
Title and other suits	3		7		7	
Rent suits	...		...		4	
Total	172		129		169	

VII—*contd.*

and Civil Justice.

1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	1	1	1	2	2	5	3	1	1	...	...
2	2	3	3	1	1	4	4	...	...	...	...
14	14	4	4	10	10	9	9	7	5	...	...
17	13	16	13	13	11	13	11	2	2	...	...
4	4	...	...	...	...	6	3	2	...	...	...
2	2	3	3	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	2	6	4	6	5	7	3	9	4	...	...
22	10	14	3	16	9	13	3	34	20	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
...	...	3	3	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...
67	38	51	36	44	31	54	35	61	35	...	...
...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	2	...	...
4	4	12	12	5	5	10	10	4	1	...	...
2	2	2	2	4	4	6	6	...	...	...	...
141	92	115	84	104	80	133	91	123	70	...	...
139		122		158		174		162		...	
1		12		4		2		18		...	
...		...		7		4		Nil		...	
140		134		169		180		180		...	

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1914.		1915.		1916.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
DISTRICT TOTAL.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(I) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.						
(II) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(III) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.						
(IV) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 326, 331, 333 and 335.						
(V) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(VI) Other serious offences against the person ...						
(VII) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(VIII) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-440.						
(IX) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455, and 457-460.						
(X) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344						
(XI) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(XII) Theft. Sections 379-382						
(XIII) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414						
(XIV) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(XV) Other minor offences against property ...						
Total						
CIVIL JUSTICE.						
Suits for money and moveables						
Title and other suits						
Rent suits						
Total						

VII.—*concld.*

and Civil Justice.

1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37

TABLE VIII.

Finance Receipts.

Principal heads of revenue.	1890-91.	1900-01.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land revenue	4,907	8,624	9,057	10,106	10,619	10,941	10,985	10,139	10,568	10,799
House-tax	27,230	26,699	28,590	30,246	29,656	34,620	35,508	37,371	36,188	36,722
Lime quarries	17,646	15,984	15,040	9,735	3,000	3,000	3,100	3,000	6,460	5,000
Judicial stamps	3,501	6,467	4,628	6,748	5,818	5,164	4,471	3,878	5,056	5,458
Non-Judicial stamps ...	1,751	2,201	1,940	1,732	2,391	2,635	2,534	1,997	2,849	3,360
Opium	10,766	16,912	23,370	22,659	32,023	36,590	37,247	34,298	45,030	37,599
Country spirits	5,000	6,222	4,313	4,824	5,087	5,250	6,694	8,009	9,570	10,071
Ganja	1,941	700	730	589	645	587	638	1,051	881	1,277
Other heads of Excise ...	476	240	335	152	587	639	458	521	526	3,728
Assessed taxes	9,658	13,909	12,040	12,865	24,026	25,345	29,468	31,522	31,047	19,866
Number of assessees per thousand	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
Forests	1,958	3,553	9,017	17,069	20,001	18,820	14,631	21,223	24,520	15,517
Registration	227	274	173	257	457	356	430	459	338	483
Total	85,151	1,01,785	1,19,233	1,16,982	1,34,310	1,43,947	1,46,164	1,53,468	1,73,042	1,49,940

TABLE VIII—*concld.*

Finance Receipts—concld.

Principal heads of revenue.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
1	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land revenue										
House-tax										
Lime quarries										
Judicial stamps										
Non-judicial stamps ...										
Opium										
Country spirits										
Ganja										
Other heads of Excise ...										
Assessed taxes										
Number of assessees per thousand.										
Forests										
Registration										
Total ...										

TABLE

Miscellaneous

Particulars.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Elephants	*	3,467	7,154	...	...	11,585
Lime quarries	15,040	9,735	3,000	3,000	3,100	3,000
House-tax	5,972	6,212	6,478	6,104	7,868	7,901
Total Revenue ...	...	19,414	16,632	9,104	10,968	22,486
JOWAI SUBDIVISION.						
Elephants	*	...	...	7,197	6,430	...
Fisheries	7,174	10,136	11,202	9,094	5,045	13,327
House-tax	22,618	24,034	23,178	28,516	27,640	29,470
Total Revenue ...	...	34,170	34,380	44,807	39,115	42,797
TOTAL DISTRICT.						
Elephants	4,650	3,467	7,154	7,197	6,430	11,585
Lime quarries	15,040	9,735	3,000	3,000	3,100	3,000
Fisheries	7,174	10,136	11,202	9,094	5,045	13,327
House-tax	28,590	30,246	29,656	34,620	35,508	37,371
Other heads	16,909	2,686	2,239	1,942	1,530	1,756
Total Revenue ...	72,363	56,270	53,251	55,853	51,613	67,039

* Subdivisional figures not available.

IX.

Land Revenue.

1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
9,401	...										
6,460	5,000										
8,042	7,714										
23,903	12,714										
...	5,509										
9,984	10,753										
28,146	29,068										
38,130	45,330										
9,401	5,509										
6,460	5,000										
9,984	10,753										
36,188	36,782										
2,797	4,770										
64,830	62,814										

TABLE X.

Excise.

Principal heads.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.									
Number of opium shops ...	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.	2,744	2,223	2,799	2,814	3,655	3,600	2,892	2,050	
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued	2 9	1 26	4 17	3 1	4 15	4 15	4 20	5 3	
Duty on opium sold ... Rs.	2,537	1,881	5,044	3,449	4,987	4,987	5,700	6,395	
Number of ganja shops ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.	310	398	282	235	275	512	452	782	
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Amount of ganja issued ...	1 5	0 17	0 33	0 32	0 33	1 9	0 39	1 5	
Duty on ganja sold ... Rs.	420	191	363	352	363	539	429	495	
Number of country spirit shops ...	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.	4,313	4,824	5,087	5,250	6,694	8,009	9,570	10,071	
Other heads of Excise revenue Rs.	335	152	587	639	458	521	526	3,728	
JOWAI SUBDIVISION.									
Number of opium shops... ...	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.	2,500	2,025	3,377	4,763	5,463	7,300	5,537	5,007	

		M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued ...		13 27	14 20	18 10	23 17	20 12	16 6	24 21	18 18	
Duty on opium sold...	Rs.	15,589	16,530	20,805	25,564	23,142	18,411	30,901	23,247	
Number of ganja shops ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Amount of ganja issued ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Duty on ganja sold... ...	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Number of country spirit shops		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other heads of Excise revenue...	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
TOTAL DISTRICT.										
Number of opium shops ...		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	5,244	4,248	6,174	7,577	9,118	10,900	8,429	7,957	
		M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued ...		15 36	16 6	22 27	25 18	24 27	20 21	23 1	23 21	
Duty on opium sold... ...	Rs.	18,126	18,411	25,849	29,013	28,129	23,398	36,601	29,642	
Number of ganja shops ...		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	310	398	282	235	275	512	452	782	
		M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Amount of ganja issued ...		1 5	0 17	0 33	0 32	0 33	1 9	0 39	1 5	
Duty on ganja sold	Rs.	420	191	363	352	363	539	429	495	
Number of country spirit shops		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	4,313	4,824	5,087	5,250	6,694	8,009	9,570	10,071	
Other heads of Excise revenue	Rs.	335	152	587	639	458	521	526	3, 72	

TABLE X—*concld.*

Excise.

Principal heads.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
SHILLONG SUBDIVISION.									
Number of opium shops ...									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued									
Duty on opium sold ... Rs.									
Number of ganja shops ...									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Amount of ganja issued ...									
Duty on ganja sold... ... Rs.									
Number of country spirit shops									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
Other heads of Excise revenue Rs.									
JOWAI SUBDIVISION.									
Number of opium shops ...									

Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued									
Duty on opium sold ... Rs.									
Number of ganja shops ...									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
Amount of ganja issued ...									
Duty on ganja sold... ... Rs.									
Number of country spirit shops									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
Other heads of Excise revenue Rs.									
TOTAL DISTRICT.									
Number of opium shops ...									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Opium issued									
Duty on opium sold ... Rs.									
Number of ganja shops ...									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.	M. s.
Amount of ganja issued ...									
Duty on ganja sold ... ... Rs.									
Number of country spirit shops									
Amount paid for licenses ... Rs.									
Other heads of Excise revenue Rs.									

TABLE XI.

MUNICIPAL.

Shillong Station.

Sources of income.	Income.		Heads of expenditure.	Expenditure.	
	1900-01.	1910-11.		1900-01.	1910-11.
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Opening balace	1,215	4,858	Administration	2,857	1,394
Tax on houses and lands ...	8,949	15,811	Conservancy	11,196	29,307
Pounds	193	414	Public Works	5,998	9,917
Fees from markets	505	500	Public instruction	660	876
Grants from Government and Local funds.	22,500	37,137	Water-supply	17,134	20,357
Water-rate	3,912	6,080	Other heads	3,214	7,891
Conservancy	2,712	5,758	Lighting	...	2,722
Other sources	1,741	8,963	Closing balance	668	7,057
Total ...	41,727	79,521	Total ...	41,727	79,521

TABLE XII.
Strength of Police Force.

Particulars.	1901.	1911.
1	2	3
CIVIL POLICE.		
SUPERVISING STAFF.		
Inspector	1	1
SUBORDINATE STAFF.		
Sub-Inspectors	7	8
Head Constables	14	13
Constables	183	172
Union and Municipal Police	...	...
Total expenditure Rs.	42,190	44,987

TABLE XIII.
JAIL STATISTICS.
Shillong Jail.

—	1901.	1911.
1	2	3
Average daily population ... Male ...	29·21	48·36
Average daily population ... Female ...	0·58	1·98
Rate of jail mortality per thousand... ...	...	20·89
Expenditure on jail maintenance... Rs.	4,216	5,289
Cost per prisoner* (excluding civil prisoners) Rs.	70	45
Profits on jail manufacture ... Rs.	1,302	3,884
Earnings per prisoner (a) ... ... Rs.	47	82

* On rations and clothing only.
(a) Calculated on the average number sentenced to labour.

TABLE XIV.

Education.

—	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.									
HIGH SCHOOLS.									
Number	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
" of boys reading in High School classes	75	77	94	125	115	137	130	131	
Middle School classes ...	35	12	26	27	30	22	24	10	
Primary classes ...	64	72	90	94	82	83	69	58	
MIDDLE ENGLISH SCHOOLS.									
Number	4	4	6	4	4	4	4	5	
" of boys reading in Middle School classes	99	106	110	108	95	102	121	124	
" " Primary classes ...	466	446	430	414	430	429	455	499	

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
Number	3	3	5	4	3	5	4	4
" of boys reading in Upper Primary classes.	9	13	36	22	22	33	37	27
" " Lower Primary classes	101	121	107	168	151	186	189	194
LOWER PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
Number	331	306	318	327	314	335	383	401
" of boys reading in three Upper classes...	3,217	1,948	1,409	1,298	1,203	1,184	1,277	1,320
" " Lower classes ...	2,858	2,953	3,834	3,900	4,023	4,269	4,859	5,146
FEMALE EDUCATION.								
Number of Girls' Schools	24	34	40	34	36	34	17	24
Number of girls reading (whether in Girls' or Boys' schools) in High Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
Middle English Schools	202	198	223	226	235	216	259	81
Upper Primary Schools	124	152	155	202	204	271	212	125
Lower Primary Schools	2,020	3,231	2,318	2,417	2,498	2,804	3,105	2,528

TABLE XIV.—*concld.*

Education.

—	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
SECONDARY SCHOOLS.									
HIGH SCHOOLS.									
Number									
" of boys reading in High School classes									
" " Middle School classes									
" " Primary classes ...									
MIDDLE ENGLISH SCHOOLS.									
Number									
" of boys reading in Middle School classes									
" " Primary classes ...									

PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
Upper Primary Schools.								
Number								
" of boys reading in Upper Primary classes								
" " Lower Primary classes ...								
Lower Primary Schools.								
Number								
" of boys reading in three Upper classes								
" " Lower classes ...								
FEMALE EDUCATION.								
Number of Girls' Schools								
Number of girls reading (whether in Girls' or Boys' Schools) in High Schools.								
Middle English Schools								
Upper Primary Schools								
Lower Primary Schools								

TABLE XV.

Educational Finance.

Particulars.	Number of Institutions.	EXPENDITURE ON INSTITUTIONS MAINTAINED OR AIDED BY PUBLIC FUNDS IN 1910-11 FROM— Provincial Revenues.	District and Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.	Expenditure per head of scholar.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs. a. p.
Training and Special Schools	2	2,377	...	...	...	2,377	84 14 3
SECONDARY BOYS' SCHOOLS :—							
Upper (High) ...	1	3,719	...	4,237	...	7,956	35 10 10
Lower (Middle) ...	3	...	525	1,060	5,744	7,329	16 7 3
PRIMARY BOYS' SCHOOLS :—							
Upper	4	141	...	6	3,532	3,679	16 4 5
Lower	356	7,768	...	...	56,493	64,261	10 7 6
Girls' Schools ...	17	645	450	715	4,567	6,377	1 12 6
Total ...	383	14,650	975	6,018	70,336	91,979	8 9 2

TABLE XVI.

Medical.

———	1901.	1911.
1	2	3
Number of dispensaries	5(*a*)	7
Daily average number of in-door patients ...	10·32	7·46
Ditto of out-door patients...	128·28	124·34
Cases treated	25,684	32,112
Operations performed	316	565
Total income ... Rs.	9,008	19,680
Income from Government ... Rs.	4,894	11,813
Income from Local and Municipal Funds Rs.	270	1,591
Subscriptions ... ... Rs.	2,146	1,510
Total expenditure Rs.	8,997	15,325
Expenditure on establishment ... Rs.	4,196	8,836
Ratio per mille of persons vaccinated ...	21·46	33·96
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cost per successful case	0 6 2	0 5 2

(*a*) Returns were not received from one of these dispensaries. Excludes the private dispensary at Jowai from which also no returns were received.

TABLE XVII.

Dispensaries.

Name of Dispensary.	1905. Total cost.	1905. Cases treated.	1906. Total cost.	1906. Cases treated.	1907. Total cost.	1907. Cases treated.	1908. Total cost.	1908. Cases treated.	1909. Total cost.	1909. Cases treated.	1910. Total cost.	1910. Cases treated.	1911. Total cost.	1911. Cases treated.	1912. Total cost	1912. Cases treated.	1913. Total cost.	1913. Cases treated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Shillong ...	6,312	5,242	8,414	10,115	5,571	6,541	8,318	8,009	6,600	8,663	8,509	8,409	8,299	7,761	8,273	7,154		
Laban ...	1,818	2,024	...	...	1,235	3,583	1,372	3,751	,1017	4,077	1,337	4,729	1,020	4,878	1,209	4,555		
Cherra ...	1,613	9,167	1,494	10,819	1,335	10,951	15,58	12,304	1,117	7,108	929	9,511	864	7,678	1,162	9,511		
Laitlyngkot (aided).	402	920	402	432	402	1,043	402	1,434	402	,491	402	1,294	402	1,320	402	1,496		
Shella ...	1,248	5,231	1,015	5,504	943	5,367	935	4,727	916	3,090	1,038	5,345	948	5,595	956	4,350		
Nongpoh ...	1,006	1,407	794	1,863	1,174	2,007	859	2,000	944	1,423	839	1,7o1	973	1,798	973	1,701		
Jowai ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,442	3,805	2,029	3,675	2,530	2,816	2,819	3,082	2,780	3,171		

TABLE XVII.—*concld.*

Dispensaries.

Name of Dispensary.	1914.		1915.		1916.		1917.		1918.		1919		1920.		1921.		1922.	
	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treaded.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
	Rs.		Rs		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Shillong ...																		
Laban ...																		
Cherra ..																		
Laitlyngkot (aided).																		
Shella ...																		
Nongpoh...																		
Jowai ...																		

A. S. P. O. (Excise)—No. 13—300—19-7-1915.

PART II.

GARO HILLS DISTRICT.

CONTENTS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE.

Immigration—Spread of cultivation in the plains—Forests—Trade and Industries—Wages and prices—Communications—Postal—Revenue settlement—Excise—Police—Education—Medical.

There has been little immigration of recent years from Eastern Bengal, but as elsewhere in Assam the number of Nepali graziers has considerably increased. The number of the latter, as shown by the census figures, had increased from 753 in 1901 to 1,875 in 1911. In 1913 the number of buffaloes which were grazed by them was over 10,000. The injury they cause to crops, plantain trees, etc., is a fruitful source of complaint. They are disliked by the Garos who resent their presence on land which they consider their own. Immigration.

The following table which gives the cropped area of the plains portion of the district under the various crops for the years 1902-03 and 1911-12 shows that there is a general increase of cultivation under all heads :— Spread of cultivation in the plains.

Crops.	1902-03.	1911-12.	Increase.
1	2	3	4
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Rice	23,606	31,000	7,394
Jute	1,311	4,000	2,689
Mustard ...	3,421	4,500	1,079
Other crops ...	2,266	12,100	9,834

It was decided by Government in 1903 that in future no reserves should be made without compensating the Nokmas of the villages as owners of the land. No additions to the reserved forests have been made of Forests.

recent years, but in 1911-12 the Balsalgiri and Jinari reserves containing areas of one and ten square miles respectively were disforested. The Forest Department derives the greater part of its revenue from the unclassed State forests, and from grazing fees and the elephant mahals. *Sal* has recently been proclaimed as a royal tree, and its destruction in the course of *jhuming* forbidden.

Trade and Industries. The Garos devote themselves largely to the cultivation of cotton, of which they export about a lakh of maunds annually at an average price of Rs. 9 per maund. The amount exported has not increased of recent years. In addition they cultivate lac, chillies, forest produce and vegetables for trade purposes. In 1913 the right to collect *agar* was sold for the first time as a mahal. The price of the mahal in 1914 was Rs. 1,500. This industry is confined to the south-eastern portion of the district, and in this corner there is also considerable trade in dugouts and bamboos which are sold in large quantities at Bagmara. The following table compares the quantity of forest produce extracted from the Garo Hills forests in the year 1902-03 and 1911-12 :—

—	1902-03.	1911-12.	Increase.
1	2	3	4
Timber ...	1,380,000 c.ft.	2,140,000 c.ft.	760,000 c.ft.
Fuel ...	2,250,000 ,,	2,980,000 ,,	730,000 ,,
Dugouts ...	3,631	3,813	182
Bamboos ...	23,300,000	30,700,000	7,400,000

There has been some prospecting for coal at Darrangiri, and a mining lease has recently been taken out. It is too early yet to say whether the industry will prove profitable.

Wages and prices. The rate of wages has considerably increased during the last decade. Before the abolition of the *begar*

system, the daily wage of a labourer was four annas. It is now eight annas for a short day's work, and labour is difficult to procure even at that rate. As elsewhere in the province the price of food stuffs is also on the increase.

Communications.

There are two cart roads leading to Tura, one from the Brahmaputra on the west, and one from Mymensingh on the south. The first nine miles of the former, from Rowmarighat on the Brahmaputra to Rangapani, fall outside the Garo Hills and pass through portions of the Rangpur and Goalpara districts. The portion between Rowmarighat and Mankachar which falls within the Rangpur district of Bengal, does not receive as much attention as it might from the Rangpur District Board, with the result that while communication between Tura and Mankachar is fairly satisfactory, it is frequently as bad as it can be between the latter place and the ghat.

The cart road from Tura to Dalu on the Mymensingh border is fairly good during the cold weather, but owing to the steep alignment and the clayey nature of the soil in places, it often gets very bad during the rainy season. The road is an important one, as all the supplies for Tura have to pass over it. In addition to the two main cart roads, there are also two bridle paths, one from Tura to Fulbari which lies on the border of the district opposite Dhubri, and the other from Tura to Damra, also on the border of the district and about twenty miles from the town of Goalpara. The lengths of these paths are $39\frac{3}{4}$ and $72\frac{1}{2}$ miles, respectively.

Postal.

There are only four post offices in the district. That at Tura is a combined post and telegraph office, and there are branch offices at Mohendraganj, Bagmara and Fulbari. The last two were opened in 1910 and 1912, respectively.

Revenue settlement.

The re-assessment of three of the four plains mauzas was carried out in 1907-08 and 1908-09. The re-assessment of the fourth is expected to be completed during 1914-15. The following table compares the old rates with the rates which will obtain in all the mauzas when the re-assessment has been completed.

Mauza No.	Old rates.			New rates.		
	Basti.	Rupit.	Faringati.	Basti.	Rupit.	Faringati.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Rs.	As.	As.	Rs.	As.	As.
V ...	1	8	6	1	10	6
VI ...	1	8	4, 6	1	9, 10	4, 5, 6
VII ...	1	8	6	1	10	6
VIII ...	1	8	4, 6	1	10	6, 8

The total estimated increase in the revenue due to the re-assessment is about Rs. 11,500. The re-assessment of the house tax was made in 1910-11. The tax was raised from Rs. 2 per house to Rs. 3, except in a few villages in mauza No. I when it was left at Rs. 2. This re-assessment brings in a net increase of about Rs. 16,000 a year.

Excise. There has been no noticeable increase in the consumption of exciseable articles. The Garos neither eat nor smoke opium. They are however fond of imported liquor, and the possession of plenty of money enables them to gratify their taste. In the villages they consume the usual rice beer (*chu*).

Police. At the end of the current year (1914) the thana at Fulbari will be abolished, and in its place two new thanas will be established, one at Hallidayganj and the other at Karkutta.

Education. The following table compares the number of schools of the different classes open in 1902-03 and in 1911-12 :—

Year.	Middle English schools.	Training schools.	Middle Vernacular schools.	Upper Primary schools.	Lower Primary schools.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1902-03 ...	...	1	...	3	86
1911-12 ...	2	1	1	6	124
Increase ...	2	Nil.	1	3	38

For a long time the whole of the education was in the hands of the Missionaries, but Government is now gradually taking over most of the Lower Primary schools. The question of secondary education which under the Mission has not shown very satisfactory advancement of late years, chiefly owing to the lack of teachers, is also now under the consideration of Government. The establishment of a Government High School at Tura is probable.

Kala-azar as an epidemic has now almost disappeared from the Garo Hills. Sporadic cases are occasionally reported, but figures are not available to show the actual number of deaths resulting from the disease. It is however significant that the special officer recently deputed to study the disease in Assam did not find it necessary to include the Garo Hills in his programme. Two new dispensaries are being opened, one at Bagmara and the other at Karkutta. Medical.

Statement and Tables of Statistics.

STATEMENT A.

List of Markets.

Name of the place at which market is held.	Days of week when held.	Name of the place at which market is held.	Days of week when held.
1	2	1	2
Bagmara ...	Tuesday.	Hallidayganj ...	Friday.
Ghosegaon ...	Saturday.	Rajabala ...	Sunday.
Rongra ...	Tuesday.	Bengalkhatta ...	Wednesday
Dumnikura ...	Thursday.	Machanpani ...	Tuesday.
Gachuapara ...	Wednesday.	Bhaitbari ...	Monday.
Kodaldhoa ...	Monday.	Bholarbhita ...	Sunday.
Dalu	Monday.	Rangapani ...	Thursday.
Bajendoba ...	Thursday	Garobadha ...	Tuesday.
Samanda ...	Three days in a week. No fixed day.	Kalaichar ...	Friday.
Rongrongiri ...	Tuesday.	Bahadurkata ...	Saturday.
Dekachang ...	Friday.	Porakasua ...	Tuesday.
Dhepa	Wednesday	Mohendraganj ...	Tuesday.
Kharkhuta ...	Saturday.	Tura	Saturday.
Belguri	Thursday.	... ..	......

TABLE I.

Average maximum and minimum temperatures registered at Tura in 1884.

—	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.	Degrees.
Maximum temperature	66·1	65·1	85·8	86·9	83·4	83·7	85·3	84·4	85·6	8 2·1	77·5	72·6	79·9
Minimum temperature	53·2	55.1	66·8	70·0	68·0	71·6	74·3	73·8	73·3	68·4	61·0	55·7	65·9

TABLE II.

RAINFALL.

The number of years on which the average has been calculated is shown below the name of each station.

Months.		Average rainfall in inches.		
		Tura (40 years.)	Dalu (6 years.)	Mahendraganj (6 years.)
1		2	3	4
January	...	0·48	0·21	0·29
February	...	0·84	1·19	1·19
March	...	2·22	2·62	2·76
April	...	6·46	4·59	3·54
May	...	16·44	14·65	13·14
June	...	25·29	21·93	15·29
July	...	24·93	21·82	13 09
August	...	21·50	21·93	15·90
September	...	19·21	14·00	10·08
October	...	7·64	5 35	5·70
November	...	0·69	0·50	0 93
December	...	0·11	0·08	0·03
Annual	...	126·51	108·87	81·94

TABLE III.

General Statistics of Population.

Particulars.	Garo Hills.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4
Population—			
1911 ...	158,936	81,264	77,672
1901 ...	138,274	70,035	68,239
1891 ...	121,570	61,213	60,357
1881 ...	109,548	55,951	53,597
1872 ...	100,780	50,390	50,390
Variation—			
1901-1911 ...	+ 20,662	+ 11,229	+ 9,433
1891-1901 ...	+ 16,704	+ 8,822	+ 7,882
1881-1891 ...	+ 12,022	+ 5,262	+ 6,760
1872-1881 ...	+ 8,768	+ 5,561	+ 3,207
1911.			
Religion—			
Hindus ...	20,827	11 293	9,534
Muhammadans ...	8,220	4,456	3,764
Animists ...	124,144	62,408	61,736
Total Christians	5,439	2,945	2,494
Baptists ...	5,235	2,773	2,462
Other religions ...	306	162	144
Civil condition—			
Unmarried ...	77,654	43,635	34,019
Married ...	74,617	36,015	38,602
Widowed ...	6,665	1,614	5,051
Literacy—			
Literate ...	1,836	1,667	169
Literate in English	158	147	11
Illiterate ...	157,100	79,597	77,503
Languages spoken—			
Garo ...	124,356	62,677	61,679
Bengali ...	18,913	10,074	8,839
Rabha ...	7,649	3,832	3,817

TABLE IV.

Birthplace, race, caste and occupation.

Particulars.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	
Birthplace—			
Born in the district ...	146,053	73,742	72,311
,, other parts of province ...	5,601	3,177	2,424
,, Bengal	5,298	2,889	2,409
,, Bihar and Orissa ...	438	400	38
,, United Provinces ...	165	149	16
,, Nepal	1,335	877	458
,, Elsewhere ...	46	30	16
Race and caste—			
Garo	118,967	59,721	59,246
Hajang	6,492	3,370	3,122
Koch	4,984	2,522	2,462
Rabha	8,025	4,051	3 974
Shekh (Musalman) ...	8,144	4,423	3,721
Occupation—			
Workers	90,372	49,237	41,135
Dependents	68,564	32,027	36,537
Total supported—			
Landlords	17	12	5
Ordinary cultivators ...	85,773	45,771	40,002
(i) Revenue payers ...	69,777	38,391	31,386
(ii) Rent payers ...	15,996	7,380	8,616

TABLE V.

Crop Statistics for the plains portion of the district.

Particulars.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Total cropped area ...	31,502	31,933	34,296	39,968	40,687	43,271	46,439	51,600	
Area under rice	,372	24,691	26,754	29,688	28,740	31,770	34,223	31,000	
Ditto mustard ...	3,967	3,134	2,683	4,430	5,143	5,208	5,836	4,500	
Ditto jute	1,945	1,966	2,750	3,779	3,783	4,305	4,159	4,000	
Ditto all other crops ...	2,218	2,142	2,129	2,071	3,021	2,028	2,221	12,100	

TABLE V—*concld.*

Crop Statistics for the plains portion of the district—concld.

Particulars.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Total cropped area ...									
Area under rice ...									
Ditto mustard ...									
Ditto jute ...									
Ditto all other crops ...									

TABLE VI.

Reserved Forests.

Name of Reserve.	Area in square miles.	Character of Forests.	Receipts.								
			1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dhima ...	7	The quantity of sâl is very disproportionate to the area and fairly thick at the south-east bend of the reserve. Lower portions of the hills are covered with tarai bamboos.	423	1,725	...	...	1,059	723	1,748	2,430	
Dilma ...	1	The reserve contains a good deal of sâl with inferior mixed forest. Occasionally sida, korai and other good trees are met with, but bamboos cover a very large area.	...	...	...	49	...	6	...	696	
Raja Simla ...	7	The forest consists almost wholly of sâl mixed with bamboos, a few sida, korai and gomari trees being occasionally met with.	...	400	1	...	...	...	253	645	
Ildek ...	1	Sâl occupies the interior valleys and slopes and the hills facing Ildek. It is mixed with bamboos and probably does not occupy more than half the area. Korai, sida and gomari very much mixed with bamboos are found in the lower portions.	...	...	...	...	...	525	856	273	
Dambu ...	7	Sâl occurs in patches both pure and mixed. Pure sâl occupies the valley. Terai bamboos mixed with scrub jungle are found in the deserted *jhums*.	46	563	13,623	13,146	2,110	10	25	2	
Darugiri ...	4	Exceedingly well stocked with sâl which covers the whole of the flat land in the centre. Hills on the north and in the north-east are covered with sâl mixed with bamboos and lower hill forests.	15	...	...	8,409	5,530	5,470	19	1	

Chima Bangsi	9	Both hilly and level lands. There are scattered clumps of sâl but very little other timber of any value. Sida, paroli and korai are found here and there.	...	768	10	153	452	409	2,342	3,281
Rongrengiri ...	14	This is a series of plateaux and small hillocks. Two-thirds covered with sâl	...	400	1	...	1,546	306	...	...
Songsak ...	9	Hills. About half the forest is covered with sâl ...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	4
Siju ...	2	Sâl occupies the south-east corner of reserve. The northern half of the reserve contains some fairly good mixed forest, but the remainder is mere scrub. The prominent trees are ida, makra, gomari and akshi.	2	...	...	...	1	12	...	...
Rewak ...	2	Sâl occupies about ¼th of the reserve to the north-west. The triangular bit of low land along the bank of the Someswari contains scrub, mixed with coarse grass and bamboos. In the rest of the mixed forest there are a few sida and makra trees.	17	88	14	126	137	84	874	198
Imangiri ...	4	Sâl is in one compact block occupying the south-west of the reserve. Three-fourths of the area is covered with mixed forest containing korai, sida, makra, paroli, sam, nahar and ajhar.	697	185	1,096	578	480	715	514	918
Bagmara ...	17	Hills. There are narrow clumps of sâl poles on the bank of the Someswari. A few korai and rangi trees are also found.	51	387	408	391	319	622	818	700
Dibru Hills ...	8	Patches of young sâl occur here and there. The land to the west is very broken and sâl plants are coming up on the top of the *tilas*. Towards the southern extremity, the forest is composed of more or less inferior evergreen trees and scrubs.	58	1,902	415	3,220	2,390	585	1,237	2,212
Angratoli ...	15	A range of low hills with a small area of plain. About one-half covered with sâl. Korai is abundant, gomari and makra are also found.	...	100	528	112	22	151	184	391
Bolsalgiri* ...	...	There are 3 or 4 tiny patches of sâl, but most of the forest consists of bamboos and scrub.	...	...	...	...	...	32	...	...
Tura ...	1	Sâl is scattered along the full length of the reserve. A few gomari trees and poma and korai are also met with.	3	16	2	85	...	112	20	55
Jinari* ...	...	Plains. Little sâl but considerable quantity of gomari, ajhar, paroli, poma and sida.	334	362	392	1,073	520	147	781	599

* Disforested during 1911-12.

N. B.—The area of the reserves as it stood in 1911-12 has been given.

TABLE VI—*concld.*

Reserved Forests—concld.

Name of Reserve.	Area in square miles.	Character of Forests.	Receipts.								
			1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
			13	14	15	16	17	13	19	20	21
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Dhima ...	7	The quantity of sâl is very disproportionate to the area and fairly thick at the south-east bend of the reserve. Lower portions of the hills are covered with tarai bamboos.									
Dilma ...	1	The reserve contains a good deal of sâl with inferior mixed forest. Occasionally sida, korai and other good trees are met with, but bamboos cover a very large area.									
Raja Simla ...	7	The forest consists almost wholly of sâl mixed with bamboos, a few sida, korai and gomari trees being occasionally met with.									
Ildek ...	1	Sâl occupies the interior valleys and slopes and the hills facing Ildek. It is mixed with bamboos and probably does not occupy more than half the area. Korai, sida and gomari very much mixed with bamboos are found in the lower portions.									
Dambu ...	7	Sâl occurs in patches both pure and mixed. Pure sâl occupies the valley. Tarai bamboos mixed with scrub jungle are found in the deserted *jhums*.									
Darugiri ...	4	Exceedingly well stocked with sâl which covers the whole of the flat land in the centre. Hills on the north and in the north-east are covered with sâl mixed with bamboos and lower hill forests.									

Chima Bangsi	9	Both hilly and level lands. There are scattered clumps of sâl but very little other timber of any value. Sida, paroli and korai are found here and there.								
Rongrengiri ...	14	This is a series of plateaux and small hillocks. Two-thirds covered with sâl.								
Songsak ...	9	Hills. About half the forest is covered with sâl ...								
Siju ...	2	Sâl occupies the south-east corner of reserve. The northern half of the reserve contains some fairly good mixed forest, but the remainder is mere scrub. The prominent trees are sida, makra, gomari and akshi.								
Rewak ...	2	Sâl occupies about ¼th of the reserve to the north-west. The tranigular bit of low land along the bank of Someswari contains scrub, mixed with coarse grass and bamboos. In therest of the mixed forest there are a few sida and makra trees.								
Imangiri ...	4	Sâl is in one compact block occupying the south-west of the reserve. Three-fourths of the area is covered with mixed forest containing korai, sida, makra, paroli, sam, nahor and ajhar.								
Bagmara ...	17	Hills. There are narrow clumps of sâl poles on the bank of the Someswari. A few korai and rangi trees are also found.								
Dibru Hills ...	8	Patches of young sâl occur here and there. The land to the west is very broken and sál plants are coming up on the top of the *tilas*. Towards the southern extremity, the forest is composed of more or less inferior evergreen trees and scrubs.								
Angratoli ...	15	A range of low hills with a small area of plain. About one half covered with sâl. Korai is abundant, gomari and makra are also found.								
Bolsalgiri* ...	...	There are 3 or 4 tiny patches of sâl, but most of the forest consists of bamboos and scrubs.								
Tura ...	1	Sâl is scattered along the full length of the reserve. A few gomari trees and poma and korai are also met with.								
Jinari* ...	...	Plains. Little sâl, but considerable quantity of gomari, ajhar, paroli, poma and sida.								

* Disforested during 1911-12.

N.B.—The area of the reserves as it stood in 1911-12 has been given.

TABLE VII.

Fire protection and outturn of timber and fuel and value of minor Forest Produce.

Details.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906 07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Area in square miles under protection ...	136	141	141	141	141	140	119	108	
Area in square miles protected	135	141	141	131	129	140	115	98	
Percentage	99	100	100	93	91	100	97	91	
Cost ... ... Rs.	1,730	1,514	1,320	1,214	1,396	1,194	1,095	859	
RESERVED FORESTS.									
Area in square miles	136	141	141	141	141	140	132	108	
Outturn (Government and purchasers only)—									
Timber ... ... c. ft.	42,996	55,416	27,450	40,978	22,569	26,491	60,428	60,823	
Fuel ... ... c. ft.	32	128	...	768	128	...	128	...	

UNCLASSED STATE FORESTS.

Area in square miles	2,954	2,954	2,952	2,945	2,942	2,885	2,678	2,748
Outturn (Government and purchasers only)—								
Timber ... ... c. ft.	1,357,717	1,291,378	1,339,265	1,536,062	1,656,609	1,407,628	1,742,894	2,137,576
Fuel ... ... c. ft.	2,248,426	1,930,932	2,245,588	2,066,240	2,366,218	2,197,432	2,486,380	2,980,507
Wax ... ... Rs.	22	31	15	96	35	5	4	5
Lac ... ... "	13,973	12,497	10,712	16,238	16,742	9,568	12,040	10,448
Rubber ... ... "	...	...	...	65	5	...	...	...
Forest receipts ... ... "	86,933	88,461	1,10,623	1,43,817	1,33,512	1,05,973	1,21,232	1,43,099
Forest expenditure ... ... "	69,107	69,092	38,013	70,327	86,878	75,872	66,805	69,431
Balance ... ... "	17,826	19,369	72,610	73,490	46,634	30,101	54,427	73,668

TABLE VII—*concld.*

Fire protection and outturn of timber and fuel and value of minor Forest Produce.

Details.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
1	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Area in square miles under protection ...									
Area in square miles protected									
Percentage									
Cost ... ... Rs.									
RESERVED FORESTS.									
Area in square miles									
Outturn (Government and purchasers only)—									
Timber ... ... c. ft.									
Fuel ... ... c. ft.									

UNCLASSED STATE FORESTS.

Area in square miles	...									
Outturn (Government and purchasers only)—										
Timber	c. ft.									
Fuel	c. ft.									
Wax	Rs.									
Lac	„									
Rubber	„									
Forest receipts	„									
Forest expenditure	„									
Balance	„									

TABLE VIII.

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee at Tura.

Year	—	Common rice.	Salt.	Matikalai.
	1	2	3	4
1880	2nd week of February ...	14	$5\frac{5}{16}$	8
	" " August ...	20	$5\frac{5}{16}$	$11\frac{7}{16}$
1890	" " February ...	10	$6\frac{7}{16}$	13
	" " August ...	10	7	11
1900	" " February ...	16	$6\frac{1}{3}$	8
	" " August ...	9	$6\frac{1}{2}$	10
1905	" " February ...	16	8	11
	" " August ...	$12\frac{1}{2}$	8	11
1906	" " February ...	9	8	11
	" " August ...	$6\frac{1}{4}$	8	10
1907	" " February ...	6	8	8
	" " August ...	6	10	8
1908	" " February ...	6	10	8
	" " August ...	7	10	8
1909	" " February ...	$7\frac{1}{2}$	10	$7\frac{1}{2}$
	" " August ...	6	10	7
1910	" " February ...	11	10	7
	" " August ...	8	10	7
1911	" " February ...	12	10	7
	" " August ...	7	10	7
1912	" " February ...	11	10	7
	" " August ...	10	10	7
1913	" " February ...			
	" " August ...			
1914	" " February ...			
	" " August ...			

TABLE VIII—*concld.*

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee at Tura.

—	Common rice.	Salt.	Matkalai.
1	2	3	4
1915 2nd week of February ...			
1915 " " August ...			
1916 " " February ...			
1916 " " August ...			
1917 " " February ...			
1917 " " August ...			
1918 " " February ...			
1918 " " August ...			
1919 " " February ...			
1919 " " August ...			
1920 " " February ...			
1920 " " August ...			
1921 " " February ...			
1921 " " August ...			
1922 " " February ...			
1922 " " August ...			

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1905. True.	1905. Detected.	1906. True.	1906. Detected.	1907 True.	1907 Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
NUMBER OF CASES.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.	...	...	2	2	2	2
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302, 304, 307, 308 and 396.	...	...	5	2	1	1
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324, 326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	4	1	1	...	5	1
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356, and 357.	...	...	1	1	...	...
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398	1	1	1	1	1	...
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-440.	7	1	...	...	5	1
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	5	5	6	1	27	2
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344	...	...	1	...	...	...
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	...	...	...	...	8	3
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	18	11	35	17	45	20
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414 ...	4	4	9	6	1	1
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.	...	...	5	1	...	...
(xv) Other minor offences against property	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	39	22	66	31	95	41

CIVIL JUSTICE.	1905.	1906.	1907
Suits for money and moveables	63	59	67
Title and other suits	2	2	5
Rent suits	4	6	5
Total	69	67	77

IX.

and Civil Justice.

1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	...	1	1	...	...	2	2	1	1		
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	59	51		
3	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	2		
1	...	2	1	2	...	4	2	2	...		
1	1	3	2	1	...	1	...	3	2		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2		
6	...	8	5	2	...	8	2	3	3		
11	1	21	2	14	3	23	3	15	...		
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	5		
29	17	39	17	40	24	31	15	30	19		
3	3	3	2	4	4	5	5	9	8		
8	1	8	1	13	3	1	...	5	2		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1		
64	26	87	34	79	36	76	30	148	96		
74		98		133		120		115			
5		3		4		4		3			
4		4		16		3		1			
83		95		153		127		119			

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1914. True.	1914. Detected.	1915. True.	1915. Detected.	916. True.	916. Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
NUMBER OF CASES.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302, 304, 307, 308 and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324, 326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences against the person						
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428, 429, 430-433 and 435-440.						
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinment. Sections 341-344						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414 ...						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property						
Total						
CIVIL JUSTICE.						
Suits for money and moveables						
Title and other suits						
Rent suits						
Total						

IX—*concld.*

and Civil Justice.

1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37

TABLE X.

Finance—Receipts.

Principal Heads.	1890-91.	1900-01.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.
Land Revenue ...	13,507	19,658	24,210 0 0	22,506 0 0	23,838 0 0	27,530 0 0	29,519 0 0	33,118 0 0	36,508 0 0	34,450
House-tax ...	35,379	39,676	40,104 0 0	43,287 0 0	44,600 0 0	44,903 0 0	46,414 0 0	46,370 0 0	62,881 0 0	64,235
Judicial stamps ...	908	904	1,563 0 0	1,554 0 0	1,348 0 0	2,380 0 0	2,085 0 0	2,434 0 0	1,949 0 0	2,381
Non-Judicial stamps ...	473	619	873 0 0	682 0 0	767 0 0	926 0 0	924 0 0	1,100 0 0	1,433 0 0	1,754
Opium	87	140	213 0 0	186 0 0	90 0 0	...	...	...	...	...
Country spirit ...	1,478	1,800	2,378 5 4	2,052 0 0	2,430 0 0	2,324 0 0	2,442 0 0	1,950 0 0	1,812 0 0	1,754
Ganja	154	652	1,108 0 0	1,142 0 0	1,450 0 0	1,228 0 0	1,480 0 0	610 0 0	742 0 0	1,132
Other heads of Excise...	613	600	730 0 0	1,480 0 0	1,850 0 0	1,306 0 0	1,922 0 0	1,665 0 0	1,270 0 0	1,042
Assessed taxes ...	1,683	1,882	1,551 3 6	1,390 4 10	1,587 0 0	2,011 0 0	2,406 0 0	2,515 0 0	2,377 0 0	2,191
Forests... ...	41,839	48,849	86,933 0 0	88,461 0 0	1,10,623 0 0	1,43,817 0 0	1,33,512 0 0	1,05,973 0 0	1,21,818 0 0	1,43,099
Registration ...	31	38	53 0 0	68 11 0	66 8 0	58 13 0	19 8 0	71 9 0	86 8 0	23
Total ...	96,152	1,14,818	1,59,716 8 10	1,62,758 15 10	1,88,640 8 0	2,26,483 13 0	2,20,733 8 0	1,95,806 9 0	2,30,876 8 0	2, 51, 455

TABLE X—*concld.*

Finance—Receipts.

Principal Heads.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land Revenue ...										
House-tax ...										
Judicial stamps ...										
Non-Judicial stamps...										
Opium ...										
Country spirit ...										
Ganja										
Other heads of Excise...										
Assessed taxes ...										
Forests... ...										
Registration ...										
Total ...										

TABLE XI.

Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

Particulars.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Fisheries	1,433	1,131	1,406	1,346	1,698	2,151	1,281	1,479	
House-tax	40,104	43,237	44,600	44,903	46,414	46,370	62,881	64,235	
Other heads	1,395	134	145	119	1,224	84	1,100	140	
Total Revenue ...	42,932	44,502	46,151	46,368	49,336	48,605	65,262	65,854	

TABLE XI—*concld.*

Miscellaneous Land Revenue.

Particulars.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
—	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Fisheries									
House-tax									
Other heads									
Total Revenue ...									

TABLE XII.

Excise.

Principal heads.		1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Number of opium shops	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Amount paid for licenses ...	Rs.	213	186	90	...	...	...	...	...	
Opium issued	Mds.	12 seers	12 seers	8 seers	...	...	...	...	...	
Duty on opium sold	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Number of ganja shops ...	...	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Amount paid for licenses	Rs.	1,108	1,142	1,450	1,228	1,490	610	742	1,132	
		M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	M. s. ch.	
Amount of ganja issued	Mds.	1 38 0	2 12 13	2 13 5	2 24 9	2 17 0	1 25 0	3 6 0	2 32 0	
Duty on ganja sold	Rs.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Number of country spirit shops ...	...	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Amount paid for licenses	Rs.	2,378 5 4	2,052	2,430	2,324	2,442	1,950	1,813	1,754	
Other heads of Excise revenue ...	Rs.	730	1,480	1,850	1,306	1,922	1,665	1,270	1,042	

TABLE XII—*concld.*

Excise.

Principal heads.		1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
		11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Number of opium shops	...									
Amount paid for licenses	Rs.									
Opium issued	Mds.									
Duty on opium sold	Rs.									
Number of ganja shops	...									
Amount paid for licenses	Rs.									
Amount of ganja issued	Mds.									
Duty on ganja sold	Rs.									
Number of country spirit shops ...	...									
Amount paid for licenses	Rs.									
Other heads of Excise revenue ...	Rs.									

TABLE XIII.

Strength of Police Force.

Particulars.		1901.	1911.
1		2	3
CIVIL POLICE.			
Subordinate Staff.			
Sub-Inspectors ...	...	1	2
Head Constables ...	...	8	4
Constables ...	...	58	52
MILITARY POLICE.			
Officers	...	25	3
Men	...	178	99
Total expenditure ...	Rs.	66,054	...

N. B.—Total expenditure for the year 1911 could not be furnished, as there was only a detachment of the Dacca Military Police Battalion.

TABLE XIV.

Jail Statistics.

Tura Subsidiary Jail.

—		1901.	1911.
1		2	3
Average daily population ...	Male ...	14·84	11·84
	Female ...	·07	·07
Rate of Jail mortality per 1,000 ...		...	83·96
		Rs.	Rs. a. p
Expenditure on Jail maintenance		1,291	896 0 0
Cost per prisoner * (including civil prisoners)		60	49 4 0
Profits on Jail manufacture		155	26 0 0
Earnings per prisoner †		15	2 15 0

* On rations and clothing only.

† Calculated on the average number sentenced to labour.

TABLE

Educa

Particulars.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
PRIMARY SCHOOLS.								
Upper Primary Schools.								
Number	3	3	3	3	3	4	7	6
,, of boys reading in Upper Primary classes.	105	33	74	29	30	70	149	107
,, of boys reading in Lower Primary classes.	15	76	48	45	47	40	106	78
Lower Primary Schools.								
Number	91	97	109	125	130	135	144	124
,, of boys reading in three Upper classes.	462	501	614	658	726	780	866	891
,, of boys reading in Lower Primary classes.	1,081	1,172	1,435	1,436	1,706	1,821	1,794	1,023
FEMALE EDUCATION.								
Number of Girls' Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
,, of girls reading (whether in Girls' or Boys' Schools) in –								
Upper Primary Schools	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	(a)	19	2
Lower Primary Schools	10	10	86	370	388	331	420	512

(a) Separate figure

XV.

tion.

1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

not available.

TABLE XVI.

Educational Finance.

Particulars.	Number of institutions.	Expenditure on institutions maintained or aided by public funds in 1910-11 from— Provincial revenues.	District and Municipal funds.	Fees.	Other sources.	Total.	Amount per head of scholar.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
Training and Special Schools.	1	979	...	...	...	979	97 14 4
Primary Boys' Schools:—							
Upper Primary ...	7	224	...	63	264	551	2 2 7
Lower Primary ...	144	4,879	...	...	3,631	8,510	4 11 10
Total ...	151	6,082	...	63	3,895	10,040	4 0 6

TABLE XVII.

Medical.

Particulars.	1901.	1911.
1	2	3
Number of dispensaries	3(*a*)	3
Daily average number of in-door patients...	6·10	8·56
" " out-door patients...	82·12	83·12
Cases treated	9,552	24,606
Operations performed	135	302
	Rs.	Rs.
Total income ... ... Rs.	4,604	4,339
Income from Government ... Rs.	4,245	3,531
Income from Local and Municipal Funds Rs.	...	551(*b*)
Subscriptions ... ... Rs.	249	274
Total expenditure ... Rs.	4,567	4,176
Expenditure on establishment Rs.	2,215	3,107
Ratio per mille of persons successfully vaccinated.	89·59	92·86
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Cost per case	0 1 2	0 2 8

(*a*) Excludes the private dispensary at Tura in which 5 in-door patients and 3,324 out-door patients were treated and 72 operations performed.

(*b*) Includes Rs. 17 interest on investments.

N.B.—The total number of "cases treated" in 1911 is the total number of persons who came to the hospital for treatment, and the "daily average number of in-door or out-door patients" are the average number of *visits* paid by the total number of patients treated.

TABLE XVIII.

Dispensaries.

Name of Dispensary.	1905.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Tura	2,646	5,103	2,210	7,434	2,805	7,833	2,220	7,685	2,809	8,091	3,184	8,284	2,777	7,928	3,112	8,520		
Dalu	822	6,529	828	7,298	856	7,731	729	7,739	660	7,998	768	8,373	702	7,851	820	7,871		
Mohendraganj ...	1,052	4,524	819	4,923	1,279	5,157	779	5,393	846	6,488	936	8,738	697	8,827	911	8,626		

TABLE XVIII—*concld.*

Dispensaries—concld.

Name of Dispensary.	1914.		1915.		1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Tura																		
Dalu																		
Mohendraganj ...																		

A. S. P. O. (Excise.) No. 17—300—19-7-1915.

PART III.

LUSHAI HILLS DISTRICT.

CONTENTS.

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES.

Area and population—Communications—General administration.—Medical.

The area of the district is now generally taken to be 7,500 square miles. With the new Southern Frontier, approved by Government in 1911, it is however more probably about 8,000 square miles. The population according to the last census was 91,204. Area and population.

Prior to our advent the only means of communication in the district were the Lushai paths and the rivers, and both alike were bad. At the present day there are bridle paths to most places of importance in the hills. Aijal is connected with the Cachar district by the Dwarbund road by which it is 93 miles to Dwarbund and 111 miles to Silchar. There are rest-houses at the following places starting from Aijal:—Neibawi (10¾ miles), Taito (15½ miles), Bualpui (13¼ miles), Kolasib (12½ miles), Chhimluang (16¼ miles), Kanglai (14¼ miles) and Dwarbund (10½ miles). The figures in brackets represent the length of the stages. For travellers from Aijal to Cachar, it is, however, quicker to go to Sairang (13½ miles) and then boat down the Dholeswari to Salchapra, a journey which can be performed in three or four days in the cold weather and two days in the rains. Another path runs from Aijal to Falam, the total distance to Champhai being 88½ miles. There are inspection bungalows at the following places:—Bungtlang (9½ miles), Shelingkawn (11 miles), Lumtui (13¼ miles), Khawthlir (10 miles), Kawlkulh (11¾ miles), Tuishenhnar (14½ miles), Neidawn (7½ miles) and Champhai (11 miles). South of the Falam road there is a path 91 miles in length to North Vanlaiphai with inspection bungalows at the Communications.

following places:—Paikhai (11 miles), Zobawk ($13\frac{1}{4}$ miles), Chhinchhip ($11\frac{1}{4}$ miles), Bukpui ($14\frac{3}{4}$ miles), Keitumkawn ($12\frac{3}{4}$ miles), Chekawn (16 miles) and North Vanlaiphai ($11\frac{1}{2}$ miles). From North Vanlaiphai to Champhai there runs a bridle path $57\frac{1}{4}$ miles in length. This was traced by Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Loch, C.I.E., I.A., Commandant, Military Police, Lushai Hills Battalion, and is named after him. It has the following inspection houses commencing from the North Vanlaiphai side:—Lailen ($16\frac{1}{2}$ miles), Mualkhang ($14\frac{3}{4}$ miles), Bawk-kawn ($11\frac{1}{4}$ miles) and Champhai ($15\frac{1}{4}$ miles). From Keitumkawn on the North Vanlaiphai road a path $32\frac{1}{3}$ miles in length runs to the Kolodyne on the Lungleh-Haka road. The inspection bungalows on the road are located at the following places:—Ramri ($14\frac{1}{3}$ miles), Hnathial ($11\frac{2}{3}$ miles) and Kolodyne ($6\frac{1}{3}$ miles). West of this path runs the Aijal-Lungleh road almost due south from Aijal to Lungleh, a total distance of 106 miles, with inspection bungalows at Shibutalung ($13\frac{3}{4}$ miles), Thiak (13 miles), Sialsuk ($13\frac{3}{4}$ miles), Thenzawl ($13\frac{1}{2}$ miles), Ramlaitui (14 miles), Howlong (14 miles), Shaza ($12\frac{3}{4}$ miles) and Lungleh ($11\frac{1}{4}$ miles). A path has recently been constructed $71\frac{1}{3}$ miles in length from Sheletuikawn on the 9th mile of the Aijal-Dwarbund road to the junction of the Tuivol and Tuivai rivers. The stages on this path are the following:—Nausel (11 miles), Tawkzawl (14 miles), Phaileng (11 miles), Darlawn (11 miles), Ratu (8 miles), Thingsat (12 miles) and Tipaimukh ($13\frac{1}{3}$ miles). From Lungleh a path runs to Demagiri (42 miles), and another to the Upper Kolodyne river. The stages on the former are Ridge Camp ($10\frac{1}{2}$ miles), Lungsen ($13\frac{1}{2}$ miles), Tuichong (10 miles) and Demagiri (8 miles), and on the latter Zobawk ($11\frac{1}{2}$ miles), Leite ($13\frac{1}{4}$ miles), Darjo ($11\frac{1}{4}$ miles) and South Vanlaiphai (10 miles). This is called the Lungleh-Haka road, though the road from South Vanlaipai to Haka (79 miles in length) is not regularly maintained. From Demagiri there is a path to Thega 6 miles in length.

There are five permanent bridges and three ferries. Another bridge at Sonai on the Falam road is under construction. Temporary bridges of bamboo, timber, and cane have been erected in other places. The Dhaleswari, the Karnafulli and the Sonai are the rivers in the hills that are used as routes for traffic. Boats of fifty maunds burden can proceed up the former river as far as Sairang even in the cold weather. The passage up-stream is very slow, in the cold weather a boat with a load of fifty maunds generally taking three weeks for the journey from Silchar to Sairang while an empty boat takes about eight days. In the rains the voyage is often twice as long. At that season of the year it generally takes a boat a week to negotiate the $6\frac{3}{4}$ miles of roaring torrent that separates Changsil from Sairang. A boat carrying ten maunds or so can however, do the voyage from Salchapra to Sairang in ten days in the cold weather and in about sixteen to twenty in the rains. The Sonai was used during the scarcity in 1911 and 1912 to boat up rice from the plains.

General Administration.

Since 1908 the Circle Interpreters all live at head-quarters and visit their circles periodically except for the following three circles, Champhai, North Vanlaiphai and Thenzawl. The change was made to prevent the Interpreters from overshadowing the power of the chiefs in the villages.

Medical.

There are now dispensaries at Aijal, Sairang, Sialsuk, Kolosib, Lungeh and Demagiri, and combined Military Police Hospitals and dispensaries at Champhai and North Vanlaiphai. The Bolpui dispensary has been closed and the Thenzawl dispensary removed to Sialsuk.

Tables of Statistics.

TABLE I.

Average maximum and minimum temperatures at Aijal.

—	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Annual mean.
Maximum temperature ...	65°·9	70°·1	75°·4	76°·8	78°·4	77°·4	75°·8	76°·4	77°·2	73°·6	73°·8	67°·9	74°·1
Minimum temperature ...	54°·8	58°·6	64°·3	64°·7	70°·1	70°·8	69°·9	70°·0	70°·7	68°·2	63°·1	55°·4	65°·1

N. B.—The figures have been compiled on the average of 5 years' data.

TABLE II.

Rainfall.

The number of years on which the average is calculated is shown against the name of each station.

Months.	Average rainfall in inches.		
	Aijal (17 years).	Lungleh (20 years).	Demagiri (33 years).
1	2	3	4
January	0·36	0·27	0·41
February	1·20	0·92	1·23
March	3·27	3·51	3·49
April	6·36	5·83	5·40
May	9·37	12·01	11·39
June	15·15	25·21	19·76
July	11·44	27·27	17·87
August	13·48	26·06	18·63
September	12·86	21·27	16·78
October	5·91	10·50	7·17
November	1·21	2·79	1·70
December	0·73	0·95	0·69
Annual	81·34	136·59	104·52

TABLE II.

TABLE III.

General Statistics of Population.

Particulars.	Aijal subdivision.		Lungleh subdivision.		Total district.		
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Population—							
1911	30,778	34,437	12,250	13,739	91,204	43,028	48,176
1901	...	...	...	...	82,434	39,004	43,430
Variation—1901—1911 ... 1911.	...	...	...	...	+8,770	+4,024	+4,746
Religion—							
Hindus	1,879	730	557	351	3,513	2,432	1,081
Muhammadans	220	15	69	3	307	289	18
Animists	27,760	32,865	11,056	12,904	84,585	38,816	45,769
Total Christians	903	826	360	372	2,461	1,263	1,198
(i) Anglican Communion ...	...	...	...	...	15	9	6
(ii) Presbyterians	...	...	...	...	1,721	897	824
Other religions	20	1	208	109	338	228	110

Civil Condition—							
Unmarried	...	...	...	...	48,925	24,929	23,996
Married	...	...	...	...	32,165	16,381	15,784
Widowed	...	...	...	...	10,114	1,718	8,396
Literacy—							
Literate	2,483	39	385	12	3,635	3,498	137
Literate in English ...	80	...	25	...	199	185	14
Illiterate	28,295	34,398	11,865	13,727	87,569	39,530	48,039
Languages spoken—							
Lushai or Dulien ...	...	...	...	...	68,693	31,961	36,732
Lahker (Lai)	...	...	...	...	3,523	1,701	1,822
Paite	...	...	...	...	7,239	3,016	4,223
Ralte	...	...	...	...	4,015	1,709	2,306
Mhar	...	...	...	...	3,196	1,416	1,780

Note.—Totals of the figures for *Literacy* in Subdivisions do not equal those for the District, because only the latter include Christians, Buddhists and "other" religions, while the former include Hindus, Muhammadans and Animists only.

TABLE IV.

Birthplace, race, caste and occupation.

Particulars.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
Birthplace—			
Born in the district ...	84,222	38,708	45,514
„ other parts of the province.	1,916	1,137	779
„ Bengal	1,110	659	451
„ Bihar and Orissa ...	88	85	3
„ United Provinces...	122	109	13
„ Nepal ...	1,469	1,213	256
„ Elsewhere ...	2,277	1,117	1,160
Race and caste—			
Lushai (total) ...	80,241	36,641	43,600
Ditto (unspecified) ...	32,871	14,852	18,019
Ditto (Mhar) ...	11,982	5,503	6,479
Ditto (Paite) ...	3,695	1,814	1,881
Ditto (Ralte) ...	15,944	7,139	8,805
Ditto (Poi) ...	10,884	5,067	5,817
Occupation—			
Workers ...	51,054	25,441	25,613
Dependents... ...	40,150	17,587	22,563
Total supported—			
Ordinary cultivators...	48,452	22,872	25,580

TABLE V.

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee.

—	Aijal subdivision.			Lungleh subdivision.		
	Common rice.	Salt.	*Matikalai.*	Common rice.	Salt.	*Matikalai.*
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1903 ... 2nd week of August	6½	6½	5	...	...	Not available.
1905 ... " " February	8	6½	5¼	8	4	...
" " August	8	7	5¼	7	4	...
1906 ... " " February	6	7	5½	6	4	...
" " August	6	7	5½	6	4	...
1907 ... " " February	5½	6½	6	6	4	...
" " August	5	8	6	5	4	...
1908 ... " " February	5½	8½	6	8	4	...
" " August	5½	8	5½	8	4	...

TABLE V—*concld.*

Prices of food staples in seers obtainable per rupee.

—		Aijal Subdivision.			Lungleh Subdivision.		
		Common rice.	Salt.	*Matikalai.*	Common rice.	Salt.	*Matikalai.*
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1909 ...	2nd week of February	5½	9	Not available.	9½	4	...
	" " August	6	8¼	5	9½	4	...
1910 ...	" " February	6	9	5	8	4	...
	" " August	6	9	5	8	4	...
1911 ...	" " February	6	9	5	10	4	Not available.
	" " August	4	9	5	5	4	
1912 ...	" " February	6	8	5	4	4	
	" " August	6	8	Not available.	4	4	
1913 ...	" " February						
	" " August						
1914 ...	" " February						
	" " August						

1915 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1916 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1917 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1918 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1919 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1920 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1921 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						
1922 ...	"	"	February						
	"	"	August						

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1904. True.	1904. Detected.	1905. True.	1905. Detected.	1906. True.	1906. Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
AIJAL SUBDIVISION. CRIMINAL JUSTICE. *Number of cases.*						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158, and 159.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ii) Other offences against the State. Public tranquillity, etc.	1	1	...	...	...	...
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder, and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308, and 396.	1	1	...	...	...	...
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	1	1	1	1	...	...
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.	1	1	2	2	...	...
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	2	2	3	3	2	2
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398	...	...	...	...	...	...
(viii) Serious mischief including mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428-433, and 435-440.	...	...	2	2	2	2
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	2	2	...	...	...	...
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	14	10	10	5	7	4
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	1	1	1	1
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.	...	...	1	1	1	1
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...	14	10	2	1	30	29
Total	36	28	22	16	43	39

VI.

and Civil Justice.

1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	1	1	1
1	1	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	...	2	2
2	2	1	1	3	3	4	4	...	...	1	1
...	...	4	4	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	2
1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	4	4	2	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	1	1
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	10	9	4	4	3	11	3	21	11	16	8
1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	1
2	3	3	2	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
31	22	20	15	14	13	20	11	31	20	28	19

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal

Heads of Crime.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
1	20	21	22	23	24	25
AIJAL SUBDIVISION—*contd.* CRIMINAL JUSTICE. *Number of cases.*						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158, and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, Public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308, and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...						
(vi) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(viii) Serious mischief including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428-433 and 435-440.						
(ix) House-breaking and Serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement, Sections 341-344.						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 455, 456, 447, and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...						
Total						

VI.—*contd.*

and Civil Justice—contd.

1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1904.		1905.		1906.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
LUNGLEH SUBDIVISION.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	2	2	...	...	...	...
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324—326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.	...	...	2	2	1	1
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	1	1	1	1	...	...
(vii) Dacoity, Sections 395, 397 and 398. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(viii) Serious mischief including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428-433 and 435, 440.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449—452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	1	...	...	...	...	...
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	9	8	4	3	7	4
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	...	...	1	1
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 457 and 458.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...	3	3	...	...	...	...
Total ...	16	14	7	6	9	6

VI—*contd.*

Civil Justice—contd.

1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	1	3	3	...	...	2	2	...	...
...	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	1	1	...	...
1	1	1	1	5	5	1	1	...	...	1	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	2	4	2	9	3	6	3	1	...	3	1
1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...
4	4	3	3	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	12	14	11	21	15	12	9	5	3	6	3

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
LUNGLEH SUBDIVISION—*contd.*						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143, 153, 157, 158 and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...						
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398... ...						
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428-433, and 435-440.						
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449—452, 454, 455 and 457, 460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414.						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...						
Total ...						

VI—*contd.*

Civil Justice—contd.

1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1904. True.	1904. Detected.	1905. True.	1905. Detected.	1906. True.	1906. Detected.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
TOTAL DISTRICT.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.	3	3	...	...	...	...
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.	1	1	...	...	...	...
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.	1	1	1	1	...	...
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.	1	1	4	4	1	1
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...	3	3	4	4	2	2
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398	...	...	...	...	...	...
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 426-433 and 435-440.	...	...	2	2	2	2
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.	3	2	...	...	...	...
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement. Sections 341-344.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.	...	...	...	...	...	...
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382	23	18	14	8	14	8
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414	...	...	1	1	2	2
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.	...	...	1	1	1	1
(xv) Other minor offences against property ...	17	13	2	1	30	29
Total	52	42	29	22	52	45
CIVIL JUSTICE.						
Suits for money and movables	271		227		279	
Title and other suits	86		51		39	
Total	357		278		318	

VI—*concld.*

Civil Justice—concld.

1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	...	2	2	3	2	1	...	2	2
3	3	2	2	6	6	4	4	2	2	1	1
...	...	6	6	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	2
2	2	3	3	7	7	2	2	4	4	3	3
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	2	2
2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	...
1	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	12	13	6	13	6	17	6	22	11	19	9
2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1
7	7	5	5	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...
45	34	34	26	35	28	32	20	36	23	24	22
249		215		246		266		216		286	
52		81		68		50		35		29	
301		296		314		316		251		315	

TABLE

Statistics of Criminal and

Heads of Crime.	1913.		1914.		1915.	
	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
	20	21	22	23	24	25
TOTAL DISTRICT.						
CRIMINAL JUSTICE.						
Number of cases.						
(i) Rioting or unlawful assembly. Sections 143-153, 157, 158 and 159.						
(ii) Other offences against the State, public tranquillity, etc.						
(iii) Murder, attempt at murder and culpable homicide. Sections 302-304, 307, 308 and 396.						
(iv) Grievous hurt and hurt by dangerous weapon. Sections 324-326, 329, 331, 333 and 335.						
(v) Serious criminal force. Sections 353, 354, 356 and 357.						
(vi) Other serious offences against the person ...						
(vii) Dacoity. Sections 395, 397 and 398						
(viii) Serious mischief, including mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal. Sections 270, 281, 282, 428-433 and 435-440.						
(ix) House-breaking and serious house-trespass. Sections 449-452, 454, 455 and 457-460.						
(x) Wrongful restraint and confinement, Sections 341-344.						
(xi) Other serious offences against the person and property or against property.						
(xii) Theft. Sections 379-382						
(xiii) Receiving stolen property. Sections 411 and 414						
(xiv) Lurking and criminal house-trespass. Sections 453, 456, 447 and 448.						
(xv) Other minor offences against property.						
Total						
CIVIL JUSTICE.						
Suits for money and movables						
Title and other suits						
Total						

VI.—*concld.*

Civil Justice—concld.

1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.	True.	Detected.
26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39

TABLE

Finance—

Principal heads.	1900-01.	1904-05.	1905-06.
1	2	3	4
	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Land revenue	...	188 11 5	267 0 2
House-tax	28,139	29,423 0 0	29,598 0 0
Ganja	680	756 0 0	Closed-
Other heads of excise revenue ...	328	The Excise Act is not	in force in-
No. of assessees per thousand ...	1	...	...
Forests	...	35,272 12 9	58,094 8 9
Assessed taxes	2,449	This is realized	from Government
Total	31,596	65,640 8 2	87,959 8 11

VII.

Receipts.

1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.
5	6	7	8	9	10
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
279 7 9	254 4 10	307 13 7	455 0 11	412 6 8	418 15 10
31,032 0 0	31,898 0 0	32,371 0 0	32,988 0 0	32,839 0 0	32,635 0 0
from 1905.					
this district.					
...	...	...	...	...	...
51,213 0 1	30,993 0 0	50,565 1 5	51,877 0 0	51,534 15 10	57,441 4 6
officers' salary bills by deduction. Figures not available.					
82,524 7 10	63,145 4 10	83,243 15 0	85,320 0 11	84,786 6 6	90,495 4 4

TABLE

Finance—

Principal heads.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	1915-16.
	11	12	13	14
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Land revenue				
House tax				
Ganja				
Other heads of excise revenue ...				
No. of assessees per thousand ...				
Forests				
Assessed taxes				
Total				

VII—*concld.*

Receipts—concld.

1916-17.	1917-18.	1918-19.	1919-20.	1920-21.	1921-22.
15	16	17	18	19	20
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.

Table VIII.

Civil and Military Police Stations and Out-posts in 1912.

Names of Stations and Outposts.	Sanctioned strength.			
	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5
Civil Police.				
Aijal Subdivision.				
Aijal Police Station	1	3	7	11
Sairang Outpost	...	1	2	3
Kolosib Outpost	...	1	2	3
Lungleh Subdivision.				
Lungleh Police Station	1	1	4	6
Demagiri Police Station ...	1	1	5	7
Total	3	7	20	30
Total expenditure ...	...	...	...	Rs. 26,319-1-4

TABLE VIII—*concld.*

—	Distance from headquarters.	Officers.	Non-commissioned officers and men.
1	2	3	4
MILITARY POLICE.*			
	Miles.		
Champhai	88½	1	45
Lungleh	106	2	75
North Vanlaiphai	91	1	30
Sherkor	169½	1	50
Total	...	5	200
Total expenditure ...	...	...	Rs. 319,039

* The strength of the sadar force is 600.

TABLE

Educa-

	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.
	2	3	4
MIDDLE ENGLISH SCHOOLS.			
Number	...	...	1
No. of boys reading in Middle English Schools ...	...	...	8
UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS.			
Number	1	2	2
No. of boys reading in Upper Primary classes ... No. of boys reading in Lower Primary classes ...	(a) 22	37	24
LOWER PRIMARY SCHOOLS.			
Number	15	23	19
No. of boys reading in three upper classes ... No. of boys reading in lower classes	(a) 446	568	542
FEMALE EDUCATION.			
Number of Girls' Schools	3	3	3
No. of girls reading (whether in Girls' or in Boys' Schools) in Upper Primary Schools.	...	1	...
Lower Primary Schools	38	11	32

(a) Separate figures

IX.

tion.

1907-1908.	1908-1909.	1909-1910.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.
5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1	1	1	1	
16	13	12	9	11	
2	2	2	2	4	
36	40	67	59	83	
21	15	18	28	35	
609	746	789	992	753	
3	3	3	3	3	
2	...	1	...	...	
Not available		76	...	91	

not available.

TABLE

Educa

—	1913-1914.	1914-1915.	1915-1916.
	11	12	13
Middle English Schools.			
Number			
No. of boys reading in Middle English Schools ...			
Upper Primary Schools.			
Number			
No. of boys reading in Upper Primary classes ...			
No. of boys reading in Lower Primary classes ...			
Lower Primary Schools.			
Number			
No. of boys reading in three upper classes			
No. of boys reading in lower classes			
Female Education.			
Number of Girls' Schools			
No. of girls reading (whether in Girls' or in Boys' Schools) in Upper Primary Schools.			
Lower Primary Schools			

IX—concld.

tion—concld.

1916-1917.	1917-1918.	1918-1919.	1919-1920.	1920-1921.	1921-1922.
14	15	16	17	18	19

TABLE X.

Medical.

PARTICULARS.	AIJAL. 1901.	AIJAL. 1911.	LUNGLEH. 1901.	LUNGLEH. 1911.	TOTAL DISTRICT 1901.	TOTAL DISTRICT 1911.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Number of dispensaries ...	4	4	2	3	6	7
Daily average number of indoor patients.	23·50	33·45	6·00	16·72	29·50	50·17
Ditto ditto outdoor patients.	50·75	114·62	34·86	51·96	85·61	166·58
Cases treated	12,428	38,723	7,679	17,701	20,107	56,424
Operations performed ...	214	(a)	66	(a)	280	165
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total income	8,021	10,453	2,996	6,305	11,017	16,758
Income from Government ...	8,021		2,996		11,017	
Total expenditure ...	8,021	4,364	2,996	2,940	11,017	7,304
Expenditure on establishment	4,621	6,617	2,047	3,297	6,668	9,314
Ratio per mille of persons vaccinated.	Not available				17·38	12
Cost per case	Ditto.				Re. 0-5-1	Re. 0-3-4

(a) Figures not available.

TABLE XI.

Dispensaries.

Name of dispensary.	1905.		1906.		1907.		1908.		1909.		1910.		1911.		1912.		1913.	
	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Aijal ...	5,002	9,448	4,395	11,411	5,426	11,989	7,079	24,255	5,698	30,765	6,746	33,392	6,425	21,203	6,175	22,040		
Sairang ...	1,347	1,542	1,473	1,628	...	2,681	1,608	3,072	1,624	3,438	1,593	2,828	1,577	3,107	1,787	5,341		
Kolosib ...	958	473	1,086	404	...	392	1,258	1,571	1,270	2,368	1,250	2,313	1,216	3,020	1,441	3,082		
Balpui ...	960	5,231	1,248	5,502	1,306	6,011	1,416	6,162	1,001	6,105	1,085	4,094	1,135	4,752	Closed from 1st January 1912.			
Demagiri	1,755	2,068	1,890	2,097	...	2,196	2,484	2,359	1,837	1,785	1,671	2,141	1,698	2,194	2,225	2,521		
Lungleh ...	2,758	7,471	2,897	7,631	...	7,664	3,811	9,759	3,083	10,743	2,941	10,734	3,423	10,755	4,028	10,613		
Thongliana	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,341	6,152	1,567	7,208	1,143	8,637	1,295	11,393	Closed from 1st January 1912.			

TABLE XI—*concld.*

Dispensaries—concld.

Name of dispensary.	1914.		1915.		1916.		1917.		1918.		1919.		1920.		1921.		1922.	
	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.	Total cost.	Cases treated.
	Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Aijal ...																		
Sairang ...																		
Kolosib ...																		
Balpui ...																		
Demagiri...																		
Lungleh ...																		

A. S. P. O. (Excise.) No. 18—300—26-7-1915.